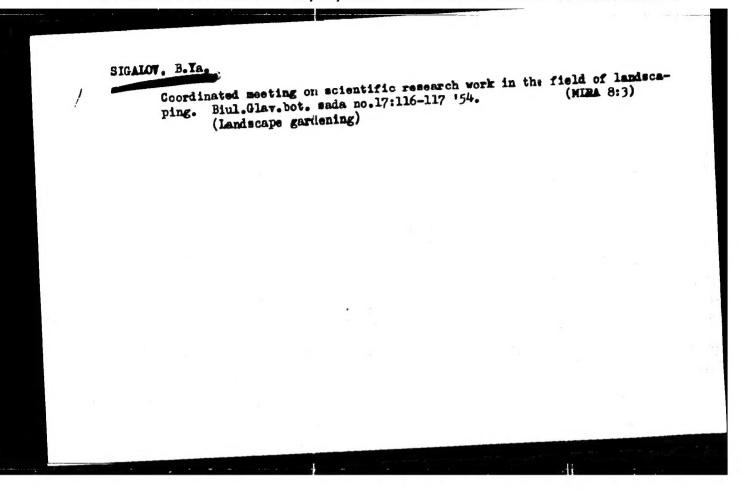
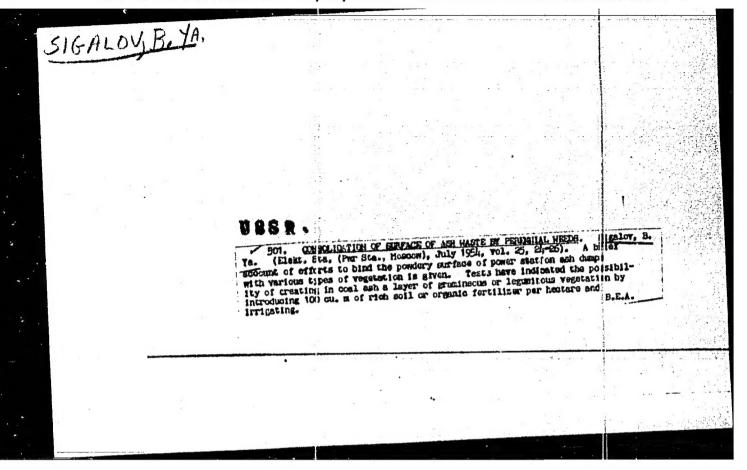
Co	ntrolling	g weeds in	n lawns. Biul.Glav.bot.sada no.1			(MLRA 6:5)			
		botaniche					(Weeds)	(Launs)	



SIGALOY, B. Ta.

Raising perennial grasses on coal ashes. Biul.Glav.bot.sada me.19: 63-66 154.

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad Akademii nauk SSE.
(Ash disposal) (Grasses) (Soil binding)



USSR/Agriculture - Horticulture

Pub. 86 - 20/35 Card 1/1

Sigalov, B. Ya., Cand. Agri. Sc. Authors

Ornamental lawr.s Title

Priroda 44./2, 101 - 105, Feb 1955 Periodical

Among the generally known uses of lawns for ornamentation, the author finds that they contribute to the general health through Abstract

the allaying of dust and the more rapid destruction of harmful

bacteria. Illustrations.

Institution : Chief Botanical Garden of the Acad. Sc. of the USSR

Submitted

SIGALOV, B. Ya

Lawn planting and maintenance ("Practical lawn craft and management of sport turf" [in Bnglish] by R.B.Dawson. Reviewed by B.IA.Signlov). Biul.Glav.bot.sada no.26:120-121 '56. (MIRA 10:2)

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad Akademii nauk SSSR. (Lawns) (Dawson, R.B.)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550520017-5 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

USSA/Cultivated Flants - Fodders.

: Nor Mar - Mol., No 10, 1953, 44160 Abs Jour

: Sirploy, B.Ya. Author

: Terennial Grasses on Goal Ashes. Inst Title

: Triroda, 1957, No 7, 93-95. Ori; Pub

: The two-year experiments of the Main Botanical Garden of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR with 31 varieties Abstract

of herbaceous grasses should that it is possible to build a stable grass cover of red foscue, quack grass and meadow fescue on the asa dumping fround of power stations utilizing low-grade coal upon introduction of organic fortiliners (fertile soil, residue fo waste water, humas) oh the basis of 100-300 mb per lecture. The pasture rye (reas nakes a good cover for the grass sprouts in the first year of life. The red clover also germinates in the

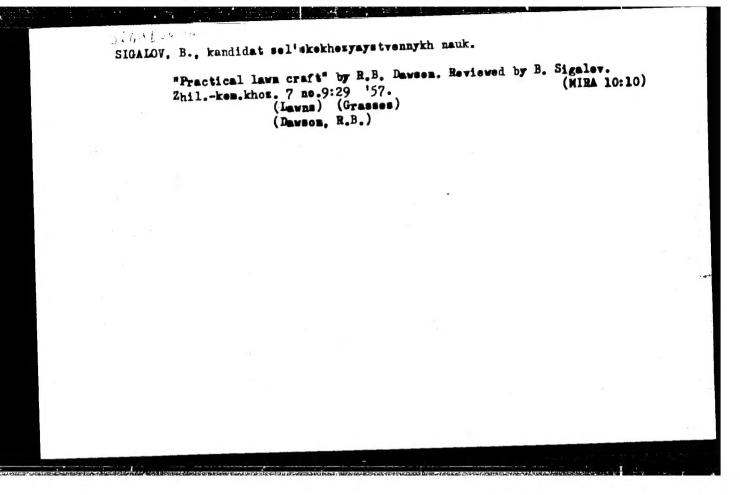
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Gard 1/2

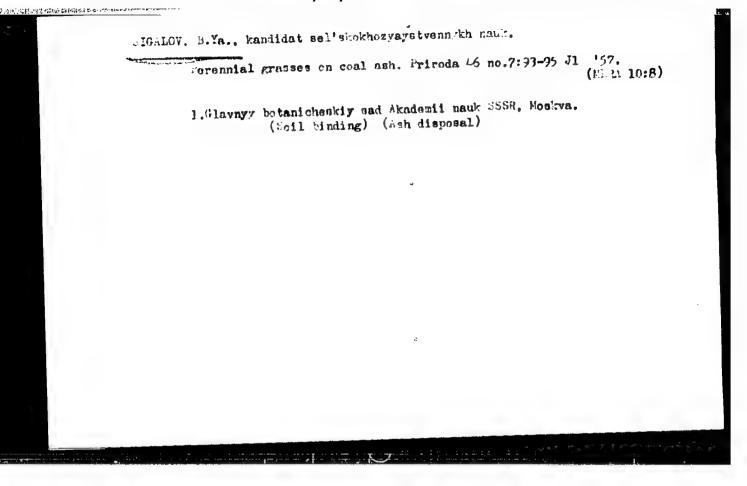
SIGALOV, B.

Seeding grasses on the ash dumping grounds of the electric power stations. Zhil.-kom. khos. 7 no.3:22-23 *57. (MLRA 10:4)

1. Hauchnyy sotrudnik Glavnogo botanicheskogo sada Akademii nauk SSSR. (Grasses) (Ash disposal)



es. Jour.	: RZhBiol., No. 3 1959, No. 10734
othor Called Called	: Sigelov, B. Ya. : Main Botanical Gordon, AS USSR : On anchoring the Surfaces of Ash Refuse Dumps with Parennial Gresses.
onig. Pur.	: Byul, Gl. botan. sada. AN SSSR, 1957, wyp. 28, 37-60
ABOIPACT	Experiments in the search of methods of anchoring sub refuse dumps of electrical power stations with the sid of plants, have been conducted at the Main Botanical Caraca, AS DELR since 1952. Since 1954, the work has been carried on at the ash refuse dump of Stalinogorsk electrical power station. Red clover and a number of perennishing power station. Red clover and a number of perennishing were used for sowing. Covering ashes with a 2-contimeter layer of fertile soil and the subsequent seeding of grasses, already produces sod of satisfactory quality during one growing period. The most promising



26-58-5-22/57

AUTHOR: Sigalov, B.Ya., Candidate of Agricultural Sciences

TITLE: A Valuable Herbicide From Sewage Waters (Tsennyy gerbitsid

iz stochnykh vod)

PERIODICAL: Priroda, 1958, Nr 5, pp 87-89 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Thiocyanogen compounds contained in sewage waters can be successfully used as herbicides. First positive experi-

ments conducted in 1949-50 were confirmed by the Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad Akademii nauk SSSR (Main Botanical Garden of the USSR Academy of Sciences) with the application of a solution of the salts of sodium thiocyanate in 1956/57. Solution of roads and paths in this garden with a 9% solution = 1 to 2 liters of sewage water per sq m, showed results only few hours later. The destroyed plants included weeds, tree shoots and grasses, the latter offering the greatest resistance. Twenty (20) days after the initial treatment, kilometers of garden roads and paths were absolutely cleared, and remaind so for 2 years. No secondary treatment was necessary. A lower concentration of a 7 to

treatment was necessary. A lower contains the solution is 8% solution also proved to be effective. The solution is completely harmless for man and animals. However, the

A Valuable Herbicide From Sewage Waters

26-58-5-22/57

small amount of As₂O₃ (0.03 to 0.04%) contained in sewage water should be watched since it causes poisoning of man, while spots contaminated with this arsenic are avoided by animals. Industrial production of dry concentrations of the salts of thiocyanogen compounds is cheap. It is estimated that the selling price of 1 tons of salt of a 20% concentration would be 100 to 150 rubles, that of an 80% concentration somewhat more.

There are 2 photos and 2 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad Akademii nauk SSSR, Moscow (Main Botanical Gamden of the USSR Academy of Sciences, Moscow)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2 1. Sodium thiocyanates - Sewage recovery 2. Herbicides Production

SIGALOV, B.Ye., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Combatting weeds. Put' i put. khoz.no. 7:32 Jl '58. (MIRA 11:7)

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sed AN SSER.

(Railrosds--Heintenance and repair)

(Weed control)

SIGALOV, B., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Effective herbicides for controlling weeds. Zhil.-kom.khez. 8 ne.4:

21-22 '58.

1.Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad AN SSSR.

(Herbicides) (Weed control)

Sedium this cyanate as a herbicide causing total eradication of

vegetation. Biul. G.av. bet. sada ne.31:95-98 '58. (MIRA 12:5)

1.Glavnyy betanicheskiy sad AN SSSR.
(Sedium thiecyanate) (Herbicides)

SIGALOV, B.Ya.

Tring down coal ash dumps by perennial grasses. Bot.shur. 47
no.3:393-395 Mr '53.

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad AN SSSR, Moskva.

(Ash disposal) (Grasses)

SIGALOV. B.Ya., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk.

Valuable herbicide from sewage. Priroda 47 no.5:87-89 My '58.

(NIRA 11:5)

1. Glavnyy botanichetkiy sad AN SSEN, Moskva.

(Sodium thiocyanate) (Sewage) (Herbicides)

Selecting lawn grasses. Biul.glav.bot.sada no.43:23-27 '61.

Selecting lawn grasses. Biul.glav.bot.sada no.43:23-27 '61.

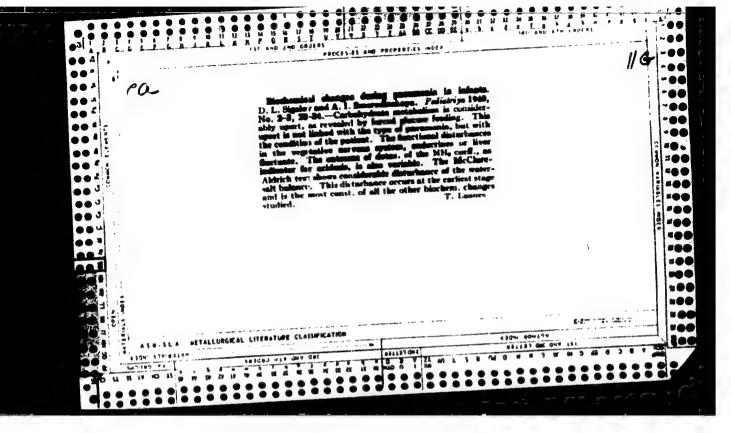
(MIRA 15:2)

1. Glavnyy botanicheskiy sad AN SSSR.

(Grasses)

Methods of shoot formation study in perennial grasses in dense stands. Biul. Tinv. bot. sada no.56:28-31 '64. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Glavnyy botenicheskiy sad AN SSSR.



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Disalor, a. b. and Marcinoving, 1. a. "Emoumonis furing fortrophy in children of an early are," Inches I Tamandra det. we share, convenient participate. Filterous, forces, 1. a., 6. 151-50

So: 1-3264, 10 April 1953, (Matopis "Thurnal "nykh Statov, No. 3, 1949)
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SICALCY, L. L., BABICH, Z. YE. 1 ZAYTSEYA, M. A.

20163 SIGALOV, D. L., BABICH, Z. YE. i ZAYTSEVA, M. M. Aminostimulinotera; iya distrofil v rannem detskom vozraste. Vracheb. delo., 1949, No. 6, stb. 543-44

SO: LETCFIS ZHUENAL STATEY, Vol. 27, Moskva, 1949.

SAVICH V. N., SICALOV D. L.

Vmeshatel atva na diafragual nom nerve pri tuberkulese legkikh u detei rannego vorzrasta. Phrenicectomy in pulmonary tuberculosis of young children Probl. tuberk., Moskva No. 5 Sept-Oct 50 p. 67-9.

1. Of Kiev Institute for the Advanced Training of Physicians (Director --- Prof. I. I. Kal'chenko) and of the Ukrainian Institute for the Protection of Mothers and Children (Director -- Candidate Medical Sciences A. C. Pap).

CLML Vol. 20, No. 2 Feb 1951

MHOKHOL, Ye. H., redaktor; Balaban, V.G., redaktor; MOL'HER, P.Yu., redaktor; LUK'YABOVA, Ye. M., redaktor; MAKSIMOVICH, B.A., redaktor; SIGALOV, D.L., redaktor; TIMOSHEMEO, L.V., redaktor; LOKEMATYY, --Yer, extenditions of the second Congress of Pediatricians of the Ukrainakoi SSR. in 1555] Trudy II s'enda vrachei-pediatrov Ukrainakoi SSR. Red. kollegita B.N. Khokhol i dr. Kiev, Gos. med. izd-vo USSR, 1956. 314 p. (MIRA 10:4)

1. S'ezd vrachey-pediatrov Ukrainakoy SSR. 2d, 1955. (PRDIATRICS)

Role of the changes in blood proteins in pneumonis in infants and small children. Pediatriis no.9:28-34 S 57. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Iz kafedry pediatrii (zav. D.L.Sigalov) Kiyevskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. - zasluzhennyy deyatel nauki I.I.Kal chenko) i biokhimicheskoy laboratorii (zav. Z.Ya. Babich) Ukrainskogo instituta OKhMD (dir. - zasluzhennyy vrach respubliki M.D.Burova)

(PNEUMONIA) (BLOCD PROTEINS)

SIGALOV, D.L. [Sihalov, D.L.], dots.

Development of child welfare and basic trends in pediatrics in the Ukraine. Ped., akush. i gin. 19 no.6:7-13 '57. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Mafedra pediatrii (sav. - dots. D.L. Sigalov) Kiyevskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. - dots. V.D. Bratus').

(JERAINE--PEDIATRICS)

KHOKHOL, Ye.N., prof., red.; BALABAN, V.G., prof., red.; KOL'NER, R.Yu.; SIGA-LOV, D.L., red.; LUK'YANOVA, Ye.M., kand.med.nauk, red.; ANDRUSHCHUK, A.A., kand.med.nauk, red.; BABKO, I.M., kand.med.nauk, red.; BYKOV, N.M., tekhm.red.

[Acute gastrointestinal diseases of non-dysenterial etiology in young children; proceedings of a Republic Meeting and Broadened Plenum of the Pediatrics Society of the Ukraine] Ostrye zheludochno-kishechnye zabolevania nedizenteriiroi etiologii u detei rannego vozrasta; trudy. Red. koll.: E.N.Khokhol i dr. Kiev, Gos.med.izd-vo USSR, 1961. 199 p. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Respublikanskoye soveshchaniye i rasshirennyy plenum nauchnogo obshchestva detskikh vrachey Ukrayny, Odessa, 1959. 2. Chlen-korrespondent ANN SSSR(for Khokhol).

(DIGESTIVE ORGANS-DISEASES)

SIGALOV, D.L. [Syhalov, D.L.], dotsent; SHESTUN, L.I.

Role of hormonal treatment in the general compound treatment of pneumonia in children mainly of the mursing age. Ped., akush. i (MIRA 14:12)

1. Kafedra pediatrii No.1 (zav. - dotsent D.L.Sigalov) Kiivs'kogo institutu udoskonalennya likariv (rektor - dotsent M.N.Umovist) i spetializovana dityacha likarnya (golovniy likar - T.P.Novikova).

(HORMONE THERAPY) (PNEUMONIA)

(INFANTS (NEWBORN)—DISEASES)

SIGALOV, E.A., inzh.

Mirror-type vibrometer. Priborostroenie no.2:27 F '65.

(MIRA 18:3)

PARTY OF THE STATE OF THE STATE

SIGALOV, E.Ye., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; STRONGIN, S.G., inzh.

本文化 4.64年,1935年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1937年,1937年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年,1936年

[Principles of planning reinforced concrete construction elements taking into account requirements of the industrialization and economic aspects of construction; a textbook] Osnovy proekti-rovaniia zhelezobetonnykh konstruktsii zdanii s uchetom trebo-vanii industrializatsii i ekonomiki stroitel'stva; uchebnoe posobie. Moskva, Mosk.in-t inzhenerov gorodskogo stroit., 1958. 20 p. (MIRA 11:12)

(Precast concrete construction)

Sigalov, E.Ye., kand.tokhn.nauk

Satesting cross sactions of bent reinforced concrete
members with given rigidity. Bet.1 zhel.-bet. no.4:189-192
Ap *59. (Precast concrete)

(MIRA 12:6)

SIGALOV, R.Ye., dots., kand.tekhn.nauk

Calculating frame buildings for seismic actions. Prom.stroi. 37 no.2:
51-52 F '59.

(Earthquakes and building)

(Earthquakes and building)

SIGALOV, Exmanuil Yevseyevich; STRONGIN, Semen Grigor'yevich; NOVIKOV, Ya.A., kend.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; BEDNYAKOV, N.P., inzh., retsenzent; TREPENENKOV, R.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, nauchnyy red.; GORYACHEVA, T.V., red.izd-va; GILENSON, P.G., tekhn.red.

[Reinforced concrete structures] Zhelesobetonnye konstruktsii.

Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit.materislam,
1960. 386 p. (MIRA 14:4)

(Reinforced concrete)

SIGALOV, F.Ys. (Moskva)

Designing large-panel buildings with bearing wall panels which function on flexure. Stroi. mekh. i rasch. soor. 3 no.5:28-32 (MIRA 14:10)

(Structures, Theory of)

PASTERNAK, P.L., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; SIGALOV, E. Ye., dotsent, kand. tekhn.nauk

Designing common crack-resistant concrete and prestressed reinforced-concrete sections. Bet. i zhel.-bet. no.5:207-213 My '61.

(MIRA 14:6)

1. Deystwitel'nyy chlen Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Pasternak). (Concrete--Testing)

MURASHEV, Vasiliy Ivanovich, doktor tekhn. nænk, prof.[deceased];
SIGALOV, Emmanuil Yevseyevich, kand. tekhn. nænk, dots.; BAYKOV,
Vitaliy Mikolayevich, kand. tekhn. nænk, dots.Priminal nebestiye
MILOVANOV, A.F.; land. tekhn. nænk; PASTELLIAK, P.L., doktor tekhn.
nænk, prof., red.; TREPENENKOV, R.I., kand. tekhn. nænk, dots.,
nænchnyy red.; BECIAK, B.A., red. izd-va; MOCHALINA, Z.S., tekhn.red.
[Reirforced concrete elements]Zhelezobetonnye konstruktsii; obshchii
kurs. Pod red. P.I. Pasternaka. Moskva, Gosstroiizdat, 1962. 658 p.
(MIRA 15:10)

(Precent concrete)

Foreman as the soul of his group. Prof.-tekh. obr. 19 no.9:
24-25 S '62.

1. Rostovskoye tekhnicheskeye uchilishche No.2.

(Vocational education)

L 43705-66 EWT(d)/EWP(k)/EWP(h), EWP(1)/EWP(v) BC

ACC NR. AP6023662 SOURCE CODE: UR/0103/66/000/004/0048/0066

AUTHOR: Sigalov, G. G. (Minsk); Yashugin, Ye. A. (Minsk)

50

ORG: none

TITLE: Evaluation of the conditions governing follow-up failure in nonlinear automatic control systems

SOURCE: Avtomatika i telemekhanil:a, no. 4, 1966, 48-56

TOPIC TAGS: nonlinear automatic control system, statistic analysis, mathematic analysis, servosystem

ABSTRACT: An approximate statistical linearization method proposed by I. Ye. Kazakov is suggested for the analysis of follow-up failure conditions in nonlinear automatic control systems. This method, which is based on a study of a statistically linearized nonlinear system subjected to controlling and perturbing signals, has certain explicit features which lead to more accurate results than other methods employing the mathematical apparatus of the Markovian process theory, in addition to permitting an analysis of relative simplicity and practically acceptable accuracy of the conditions determining follow-up failure in a number of automatic systems differing in structure and parameters. Formulas and graphs are presented

Card 1/2

UDC: 62-501.32:519.25

of typical automory agreement possible to achient systems basefollow-up failure constraints impossible typical automory agreement automory agreeme	with experiments a comparison a single re occurs) in a posed by follow	conditions to system structures. entally derived finative estimate of the objective criterioddition to permitty-up failure conditions.	he noise-supplion (i.e., the ing systems stons. Orig. I	ression chara- noise intensity ynthesis with art. has: 6 fig	value at w	hich
SUB CODE: 1	7/3 SUBM	DATE: 26Apr65/	ORIG REF:	005		
				,		1

SOURCE CODE: HU/0014/66/000/004/0174/0183 ACC NR. AP6026081 AUTHOR: Juhasz, Adam; Sigmond, Gyorgy (Doctor) ORG: none TITLE: Means for the further development of the technologies and equipment of the Bayer method SOURCE: Kohaszati lapok, no. 4, 1966, 174-183 TOPIC TAGS: alumina, metallurgic process, metallurgic industry, industrial development ABSTRACT: A review was made of the development potentialities in the alumina manufacture according to the layer method. The following subjects were discussed: increasing the fusion yield, improving the mixing efficiency, computer studies on process optimization, countercurrent processes, tube-fusion with direct firing, dialysis, calcination in the aqueous phase, and computerized process control. Each stage of the process was discussed in the light of current innovations and future innovation possibilities. The development projects currently being investigated at ALUTERY (abbreviation not explained) were described. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table. [JFRS: 36,646 SUB CODE: 13, 11, 05 / SUEM DATE: none .2.001.6:330.173.34"313" Card 1/1

GUSEV, V.; YEZEOV, V.; SICALOV, 1.

Gonstruction of large-panel buildings for children's preschool institutions in Kiev. Zhil.stroi. no.12:8-11 164.

(MIRA 18:2)

SIGALOV, I.M., inch.

Increasing the pressure in a boiler. Energetik 9 no.8:12 Ag '61.

(MIRA 14:8)

(Boilers)

FARBER, A.M., dotsent; SIGAIOV, I.V., inshener; SVECHNIKOV, L.V., kandidat tekhnicheskin ham; munichemo, G.I., inshener.

Machine for eliminating spoilage and measuring fabrics automatically. Leg.prom. 14 no.2:34-97 F *54. (MERA 7:5)

(Textile machinery)

Sigalov, 1.v.; Strupinskiy, Yu.S.

Semiautematic cleth cutting machines. Shvein. prom. ne.1:16-19
Ja '59.

(Gutting machinery) (Clething industry)

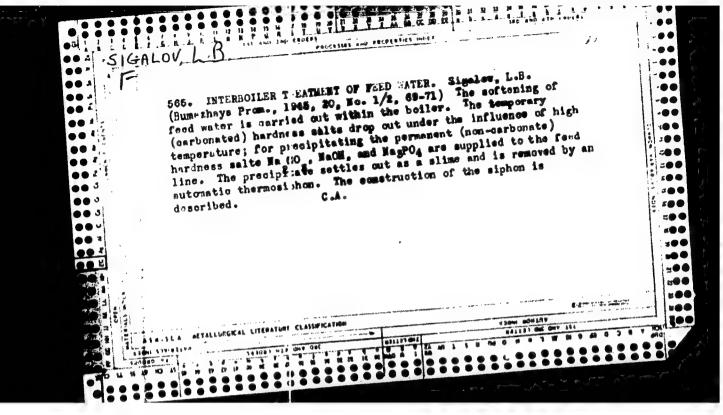
SIGALOV, I.V.; DOBRENKO, Ya. M. (Kiyev)

Machine for control measurement and elimination of defects in textiles. Shwein.prom. no.4;24-25 J1-Ag '60. (MIRA 14:3) (Clothing industry—Equipment and supplies)

SIGALOV, I.V.

New machinery and mechanisms. Shvein.prom. no.2:16-18 Mr-Ap 161. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Opyt raboty Kiyevskogo konstruktorskogo byuro. (Clothing industry-Equipment and supplies) (Automatic control)



SIGALOV, L.B., inshener.

Sigalov, L.B., inshener.

Brittle fracture of metals. Berop. truda v prom. 1 no.1:25-27

Ja '57.

(Netals--Brittleness)

SIGALOV, L.B. insh.

More attention to feed-water purification for steam boilers.

Bezop.truda v prom. 3 no.5:18-19 My '59. (MIRA 12:8)

(Feed-water purification)

Ultrasonic treatment of water. Besop.truda v pron. 4 no.4:21-23 Ap

(MIRA 13:9)

(Ultrasonic waves—Industrial applications)

(Feed-water purification)

SIGALOV, L.B., inzh.

Limit water level in steam boilers. Bezop. truda v prom. 4 no. 5:34

(MIRA 14:5)

My '60.

(Boilers—Laws and regulations)

Increase the operating safety of high-pressure boiler units. Bezop. truda v prom. 5 no. 5:3-4 My 161. (MIRA 14:5)

(Boilers—Safety measures)

KONDRASHOV, A.M., inzh.; LASUNOV, N.A., inzh.; SIGALOV, L.B., otv. red.; VOLKOVA, V.A., red.izd-va; PRONINA, N.D., tekhn. red.

[Accidents and accident prevention in areas of boiler inspection] Avarii na ob*ektakh kotlonadzora i mery po ikh preduprezhdeniiu; in: ormatsionnoe pis'mo. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1962. 87 p. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Russia (1917. R.S.F.S.R.)Gosudarstvennyy komitet po nadzoru za bezopasnym vedeniem rabot v promyshlennosti i gornomu nadzoru. (Boiler inspection)

Automatic control systems for the heating boilers. Bemop.truda v
prom. 6 no.6:20-21 Je '62. (MIRA 15:11)
(Boilers) (Automatic control)

SIGALOV, L.B., inzh.

Increase the supervision over vessels with bayonet catches. Bezop. truda v pron. 7 no.12:12-14 D *63.

(MIRA 18:7)

1. Gosudarstvennyy komitet pri Sovete Ministrov RSFSR po nadzoru za bezopasnym vedeniyem rabot v promyshlennosti i gornomu nadzoru.

VARFOLOMEYEV, V.V., inzh.; KONDRASHOV, A.M., inzh.; LASUNOV. N.A., inzh.; SEN'KIN, Ye.G., inzh.; SIGALOV, L.B., inzh.

[Failures in boiler inspection systems and measures for preventing them; informational letter] Avarii na ob"ektakh kotlonadzora i mery po ikh preduprezhdeniiu; informatsionnoe pis'me. Izd.2. Noskva, Nedra, 1965. 173 p.

1. Russia (1917. R.S.F.S.R.) Gosudarstvennyy komitet po nadzoru za bezopasnym vedeniem rabot v promyshlennosti i gornomu nadzoru.

SIGNION, MIS.

AFONIN, K.B.; BURTSEV, K.I.; BYSTROV, S.N.; VINETS, G.B.; VODNEV, G.G.; VORONIN, A.S.; GEVLICH, A.S.; GRYAZNOV, N.S.; GUDIM, A.F.; GUSYATINSKIY, M.A.; DVORIN, S.S.; DIDH; HO, V.Ye.; DMITRIYEV, M.H.; DONDE, M.M.; DOROGOBID, G.M.; ZHDANOV, G.I.; ZAGORUL; KO, A.I.; ZELENETSKIY, A.G.; IVASHCHENKO, YA.N.; KAFTAN, S.I.; KVASHA, A.S.; KIREYEV, A.D.; KLISHEVSKIY, G.S.; KOZYRHV, V.P.; KOL)BOV, V.N.; LGALOV, K.I.; LEYTMS, V.A.; LERNER, B.Z.; LOBODA, N.S.; LUBITATS, I.A.; MANDRYKIN, I.I.; MUSTAFIN, F.A.; NHMIROVSKIY, N.Eh.; NEFEDOV, V.A.; OBUKHOVSKIY, YA.M.; PRRTSEV, M.A.; PETROV, I.D.; PODOROZHANSKIY, M.J.; POPOV, A.P.; RAK, A.I.; REVYAKIN, A.A.; ROZHKOV, A.P.; ROZENGAUZ, D.A.; SAZONOV, S.A.; SIGALOV, M.B.; STOMAKHIN, YA.B.; TARASOV, S.A.; FILIPPOV, B.S.; FRIDMAN, R.E.; FRISHBERG, V.D.; KHAR; KOV-SKIY, K.V.; KHOLOP:SRV, V.P.; TSAREV, M.N.; TSOGLIN, M.E.; CHERNYY, I.I. CHERTOK, V.T.; SHK; KOV, A.K.

Samuil Berisevich Hamme. Keks i khim. ne. 6:64 '56. (MLRA 9:10)
(Baume, Samuil Berisevich, 1910-1956)

SIGALOV, V.M.; GRANOVSKAYA, I.I., red.; MAMONTOVA, N.N., tekhn. red.

[How we sell vegetables and fruits] Kak my torguem ovoshchami i fruktami. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo torg.lit-ry, 1961. 27 p.

(MOSCOW--Produce trade)

SOV/106-59-2-10/11

AUTHOR: None given

TITLE: Authors: Certificates (Avtorskiye svidetel'stva)

PERIODICAL: Elektrosvysz', 1959, Nr 2, p 78 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: S.P. Khlebnikov and P.A. Anikeyev - "A Method of Fixing Magnetic Heads in Recording Equipment Using a Rigid Carrier"; G.V. Braude - "A Method for Compensating for Irregular Film Movement in Travelling Beam Tube Systems"; M.G. Garb and V.M. Sigalov - "A Method of Centralised Synchronisation"; D.M. Khanukayev - "A Method of Synchronisation of Colour Television Receivers with Sequential Transmission of Colours by Fields"; B.I. Strelkov - "Trigger Apparatus"; A.I. Sapgir - "A Method of Extraction of Pulses from Pulse Trains"; N.N. Korovyanskiy - "A Method for Reducing the Time of Ascertaining the Transfer Characteristic of a Television Channel"; Karl-Heinz Geistrad and Heinz Lemann (German Democrat Republic) - "Apparatus for Recording Television Talks"; S.I. Yevtyanov - "A Method of Increasing the Stability Factor of an Oscillator (Regime)"; V.M. Zhukov and G.G. Rachkova - "Apparatus for Obtaining Frequencymodulated Pulses"; Yu.I. Serebryakov - "A Method of Cancellation of Constant Radio-echoes"; L.F. Abramova and Cardl/2 M.Ye. Gertsenslteyn - "Co-axial Filters with Weak Coupling";

GARB, M.G.; SIGALOV, V.M.; SAF'YAN, D.A.

Driving synchronizing generator. Tekh.kino i telev. 4 no.7:
19-24 Jl '60. (MIRA 13:7)

(Television—Transmitters and transmission)

Investi Geod. 1	gating the nonuniform kart. no.8:31-34 Ag (Theodo	nity of supports in 160.	optical theodolites. (MIRA 13:10)

SIGALOV, V.M.

Calculating the equation for inserting a 3d-class point on a "Ural-1" computer. Good, i kart, no.6:11-12 Je '63. (MIRA 16:9)

(Ural computer) (Triangulation)

GAIGS, Moisey Gesseleyevich; SiGALGA, Viktor Mayorovich; SAMOYLOV, V.F., otv. red.; VEYTEMAN, G.I., red.

[Synchronization in television engineering] Sinkhronizatisia v televizionnoi tekhnike. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sviaz'," 1964. 214 p. (MIRA 17:11)

L 31403-66 ACC NR: APOLLS: AUTHOR: Dyhologo,; Zaytseva, N. G.; Kraft, O. Ye.; Naumov, Yu. V.; Sigalov. V. N. Chū: none []	
TITLE: Spin of the sup 170 sub 99 ZThis paper was presented at the 10th Annual Conference on the entrescopy and Nuclear Structure held in Moscow 26 Jan-3 Feb	
SCURCE: AN Book for Figs. Sering fizicheskaya, v. 30, no. 3, 1966, 554-559 TOPIC TAGS: nach ar hysics conference, nuclear spin, lutetium, beta decay, proton	
bombardment ABSTRACT: The both gamma coincidence method is used to determine the spin of La 170 which has a beta decay to the lower rotational band of Yb. 170 The Lu 170 sample was obtained from Hf 170, with the usual bombardment of a tantalum target with 660 mev protons. The coincidences of 1660 kev positrons and gamma radiation was studied in the range of 10 to 250 kev. Coincidences were not observed at energies of 193 and 84 kev, nor were beta transitions from the Lu 170 ground state to the 2 and 4 levels of Yb. It is shown that the ground state spin of Lu 170 is zero - a conclusion that is supported by theoretical arguments. Finally, the	
purity of the isotopic spin in the ground state of Lu ¹⁷⁰ is determined. The coefficient of impurity isospin (5 X 10-3) determined theoretically is 20 times greater than the experimental	
value, which fact and theoretical explanation. The authors thank L. A. Sliv, and Yu. I. Kharitonov for valuable discussions. Orig. art. has: 2 1 100 - 011 formulas. Orig. Cord 1/1 SUB CODE: 20 ATE: none/ORIG REF: 009/OTH REF: 008	

ACC NR. AP6014751 (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0006/65/000/012/0031/0034

AUTHOR: Yefimov, G.N.; Sigalov, V.M.

ORG: None

TITLE: Experience acquired in the use of electronic computers in triangulation calculations

SOURCE: Geodeziya i kartografiya, no 12, 1965, 31-34

TOPIC TAGS: geodesics, geodetic survey, triangulation, computer application, digital computer/ Ural-1 digital computer/ Ural-2 digital computer/ Minsk-1 digital computer

ABSTRACT: This paper is an account of experience gained in the use of EDP in geodetic surveying. Computer programs were written and computations performed for various phases of triangulation and related geodetic surveying work. Triangulation adjustment computations, limited to small, under 10 determinable points network, were performed; these were transferred from Ura...l to the Minsk-1 computer which does this work 12 times faster and 4.5 times cheaper. Preliminary processing of triangulation: programs for this work were originally written for both the Ural-1 and Minsk-1 computers, but beacause of the better effectiveness of the Minsk-1, the computations are now done only on the Minsk-1. Coordinate transfer between adjacent 6 degree zones: programs for this work have been written for both the Ural-1 and the more powerful Ural-2 computer. For the solution of the reverse problems, other programs have been adapted, with minor

Card 1/2

UDC: 528,063,9:681,142

ACC NR: AP6014731

switching addenda - the triangulation adjustment program and the zone transfer program. A special program enables the computer to verify the perforated tape using optical means. Characteristics and limitations of the developed programs are given. The total computer time for the processing of a triangulation system is on minutes for the Ural-1, with n - the total number of points; for Minsk-1 the time is k minutes, where k is the number of (only) the points to be determined. Much checking is done by repeat computation with changed coordinates. A maximum of 27 triangulation adjustment problems can be handled; the time is 30 minuts. The preliminary processing of triangulation is done twice, independently, acting upon information supplied independently by two persons. A maximum number of 73 points and 599 directions can be handled (on the Minsk-1). The transfer of coordinates program can handle up to 320 points, with up to 2240 directions (Ural-2). Computer time is 5 seconds (1 minute on the Ural-1). Various programming and chechout pointers and observations are presented. Orig.art.

SUB CODE: 08, 09/ SUBM DATE: None/ ORIG REF: 000

Card 2/2

SIGALOV, Vladimir Solomonovich, inzh.; CHERCHEPOV, Kh.L., nauchn. red.

[Equipment and technology in the manufacture of concrete and reinforced concrete pipes] Oborudovanie i tekhnologiia izgotovleniia betonnykh i zhelezobetonnykh trub. Moskva, TsNIIFI, 1965. 30 p. (MIRA 18:10)

SIBALOV, Yu. M., Cand. Tech. Sci. (diss) "Investigation of Process of Hot Rolling of Fieces of Some Metals in Vacuum and Atmosphere of Inert Gas in Comparison with Rolling in Air," Moscow, 1961, 22 pp. (Moscow Steel Inst.) 120 copies (KL Supp 12-61, 274).

2026L

1.1300A

S/180/61/000/002/002/012 E073/E535

AUTHORS:

Pavlov, I.M., Sigalov, Yu.M., Shelest, A.Ye.,

Zubko, A.M. and Gurevich, Ya.B. (Moscow)

TITLE:

Investigation of the Process of Hot Rolling of

Aluminium in Vacuum and in Air

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh

nauk, Metallurgiya i toplivo, 1961, No.2, pp.64-67

TEXT: The influence on the friction coefficient of scale or an oxide film layer on the surface of a metal being rolled has been the subject of numerous papers. However, no direct comparison was made of the ordinary process of rolling aluminium in air and in vacuum. Such a comparative study will permit direct elucidation of the influence of oxide films on the conditions of rolling. The authors investigated the power consumption, the speed and deformation conditions and the friction coefficient during hot rolling of aluminium in vacuum and in air. The rolling was on TsNIIChermet laboratory vacuum equipment permitting heating, rolling and cooling of 15 x 20 mm, 200 mm long specimens in a vacuum down to 10^{-5} mm Hg. From a forged and annealed blank 150 x 10 x 12 mm

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Investigation of the Process...

S/180/61/000/002/002/012 E073/E535

specimens were cut. These were heated in a tubular electric furnace. The heating temperature was maintained within +15°C. Rolling was at 400°C with reductions of 20 to 70% per pass. diameter of the rolls was 85 mm, the rolling speed 6.5 m/min. rolls were of steel UX-15 (ShKh-15) (hardness 55 R) and had a polished surface. The pressure was measured by wire strain gauges. Fig.1 shows a typical oscillogram in which 1 is the torque on the top spindle, 2 and 5 - pressure measured by the strain gauges, 3 - recorded roll speed, 4 - recorded strip speed, 6 - torque on the lower spindle, 7 - oscillation curve (500 c.p.s.). Fig.2 shows the dependence of the broadening $\psi = B_2/B_1$, % on the relative reduction $\Delta B/\Delta h$, where H, B, and L, are respectively the height, width and length of the specimens before rolling and h, B_2 and L_2 are respectively the height, width and length after rolling, $\Delta B = B_2 - B_1$ and $\Delta h = H - h$. (Here and in the following plots the dashed line curve refers to results obtained in vacuum and the continuous line curve refers to results obtained in air). Fig.3 shows the lead Sh as a function of the broadening, Card 2/5

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Investigation of the Process ...

S/180/61/000/002/002/012 E073/E535

whereby

$$S_{h} = \frac{L_{strip} - L_{roll}}{L_{roll}}$$
 (1)

where L_{strip} is the distance between the markings on the strip and L_{roll} is the distance between corresponding markings on the roll. Fig.4 shows the dependence of the specific pressure P, kg/mm on the broadening \(\psi_1\). Fig.5 shows the friction coefficient f' as a function of \(\psi_1\). Fig.6 shows the torque M, kgm as a function of \(\psi_1\). It was found that the friction coefficient and the required force, which depends directly on the friction coefficient, for vacuum hot rolling of titanium, grade BT-| (VT-1), is considerably lower than for rolling in air, whilst for nickel and iron (C - 0.01%) it is higher in the same way as it is for Al. This again confirms the dependence of these quantities on the chemical composition of the rolled metal. The following conclusions are arrived at:

1. It was established that for Al the coefficient of friction Card 3/5

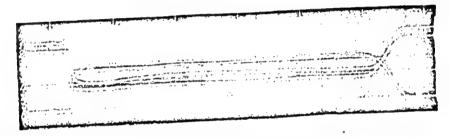
Investigation of the Process ...

2026l₁ 5/180/61/000/002/002/012 E073/E535

during rolling in vacuum is higher than for rolling in air, whereby the greatest difference (by a factor of about 1.4) was observed for smaller reductions;
2. it was confirmed that the friction coefficient during rolling decreases with increasing specific pressure both in air and in vacuum. There are 6 figures and 7 references: all Soviet.

SUBMITTED: August 8, 1960

Fig.1



Card 4/5

GUREVICH, Ya. B. (Moskva); ZUBKO, A.M. (Moskva); PAVLOV, I.M. (Moskva);

(SIGALOV, Yu.M. (Moskva)

Effect of the state of specimen surfaces on the coefficient of friction and other parameters during the rollings of iron in vacuum. Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. tekh. nauk. Met. i topl. no.2:144-145 Mr.-Ap '61.

(Rolling(Hetalwork))

(Friction)

PAVLOV, I.M.; SIGALOV, Yu.M.; SHELEST, A.Ye.; ZUBKO, A.M.; GUREVICH, Ya.B.

Investigating certain conditions for the hot rolling of titanium in vacuum and in the air. Isv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 4 no.6: 106-110 *61. (MIRA 14:6)

l. Institut metallurgii im. A.A.Baykova. (Titanium) (Rolling (Metalwork))

PAVLOV, I.M.; SIGALDY, Yu.M.

Effect of vacuum and inert gas atmospheres on the properties of metals for their plastic deformation. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 4 nn.8:19;-197 *61.

(Rolling (Metalwork)) (Vacuum metallurgy)

(Rolling (Metalwork)) (Vacuum metallurgy)

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E073/E535

AUTHORS:

Pavlov, I.M., Sigalov, Yu. M., Shelest, A.Ye.,

Zubko, A.M. and Gurevich, Ya. B.

TITLE:

Investigation of some conditions of hot rolling of

titanium in vacuum and in air

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Chernaya

metallurgiya, 1961, No.6, pp.106-110

The authors investigated the force, velocity and deformation conditions during the process of rolling of titanium in vacuum and compared the results with similar results obtained for rolling in air. This was done to elucidate the influence of the scale on the friction coefficient, specific pressure and other parameters of the rolling of commercially pure titanium. From a pre-forged blank, specimens 15 x 20 mm, 200 mm long were cut. Those specimens which were to be rolled in vacuum (3 x 10⁻⁵ mm Hg) were heated in a small-chamber electric furnace with molybdenum heater filaments; those to be rolled in air were heated in an electric furnace with nichrome heater filaments. The specimens were rolled in the temperature range 800-1200°C on a two-high mill Card 1/6

Investigation of some conditions of ... S/148/61/000/006/006/013 E073/E535 X

with rolls of 85 mm diameter. The average reduction was 20%, the speed of rolling was 6.5 m/min. The rolls had a ground surface with a hardness of 55 RC. The rolling parameters, i.e. the total pressure, the torque, the speed of the rolled strip and the carcumferential speed of the rolls were recorded by means of an 8-loop oscillograph. Fig. 3 shows the dependence of the friction coefficient $f^{(0)}$ and of the specific friction force τ_a , kg/mm² the rolling temperature, °(. Fig. 4 shows the dependence of the friction coefficient f' and of the forward slip S, on the rolling temperature, °C. Fig. 5 shows the dependence of the specific pressure, kg/mm², on the rolling temperature, *C. Fig.6 gives the dependence of the specific pressure, kg/mm², and the friction coefficient f' on the reduction, %. In all these graphs the continuous line curves apply to rolling in air and the dashed line curves to rolling in vacuum. In the paper the authors apply three differing friction coefficients, one for determined according to the formula of S. I. Gubkin (Ref. 12: Theory of shaping metals by pressure, Metallurgizdat, 1947), another f' determined on the basis of the theoretical formula for the torque, proposed by Card 2/6

26,182

Investigation of some conditions ...S/148/61/000/006/006/013 E073/E535

V. Bayukov and the third, f', determined from the value of the forward slip. The following conclusions are arrived at: 1. In all cases of rolling in air the curve expressing the dependence of the friction coefficient on the temperature has a convex-shaped section with a maximum in the temperature range 1050-1150°C. If titanium is rolled in air at 800-1100°C, a dense layer of titanium dioxide scale forms which leads to an increase in sliding friction coefficient and spreading. At rolling temperatures above 1100°C, a dense layer of scale of a fine grain structure forms which peels off easily from the base metal and leads to a reduction of the friction coefficient; the friction and f" are similar and their values are very coefficients f' near to each other. When colling was performed in vacuum, the friction coefficient was considerably lower and showed a tendency to increase with increasing rolling temperature. This is attributed to a drop in the specific pressure with a minimum effect of other factors. 2. Changes in the specific pressure p and the specific friction force T were similar during rolling in vacuum and in air. The Card 3/6

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Investigation of some conditions ... S/148/61/000/006/006/013 E073/E535

X

values p and r_, and consequently also the torque, are affected by the sudden α to β transformations and this explains the sharp drop in the friction coefficient, forward slip and the slight increase in spreading in the temperature range 850-950°C. 3. With increasing reduction an increase is observed in the specific pressure and a decrease in the friction coefficient. 4. The experiments revealed considerable qualitative and quantitative differences in the force, velocity and geometrical factors pertaining to rolling titalium in vacuum and in air. Experiments carried out earlier by some of the authors (Ref. 14: Stal', 1959, No.10, 929-931) yielded differing results, namely, the coefficient of friction and the geometrical and force conditions depending on it were considerably higher in vacuum than in air in the case of rolling pure iron with a carbon content of 0.01%. This clearly indicates that the investigated quantities depend on the chemical composition of the rolled metal. are 6 figures and 14 references: 13 Soviet and 1 non-Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut metallurgii imeni A.A. Baykova (Institute of Metallurgy imeni A. A. Baykov)

Card 4/6

S/398762/000/007/027/040

1.1300

Pavlov, I. M., Sigalov, Yu. M. and Gurevich, Ya. B.

AUTHORS: TITLE:

Study of the process of hot rolling titanium in vacuo

and in air

SOURCE:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Titan i yego

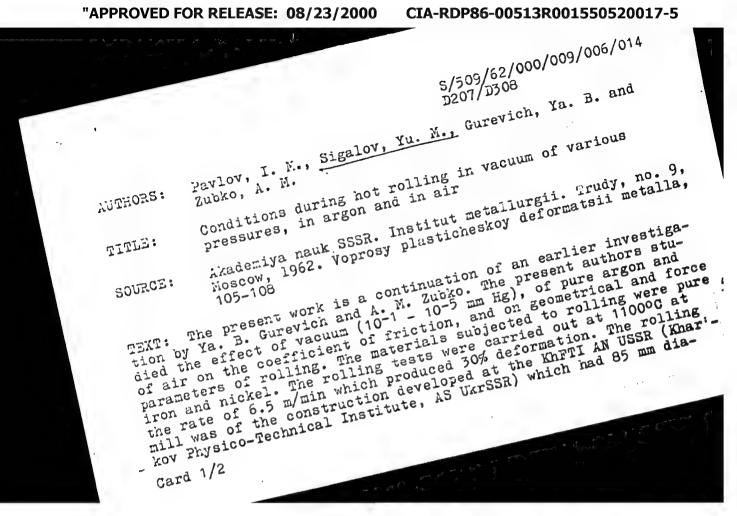
splavy. no. 7. Moscow, 1962. Metallokhimiya i novyye

splavy, 197-203

TEXT: In order to study the influence of scale formed on the surface of the metal during heating on the coefficient of friction, specific pressure, expansion and other parameters of rolling, specimens of commercially pure Ti were heated and rolled in a vacuum

of the order to 10⁻⁵ mm Hg, and in air. The work was carried out at a TsNIIChM laboratory vacuum plant. It was found that in every case of rolling Ti in air, the dependence of the coefficient of friction ν on temperature is cupola-shaped in character, with a maximum in the temperature range 1050 - 1150°C. The changes in specific pres-

Card 1/2

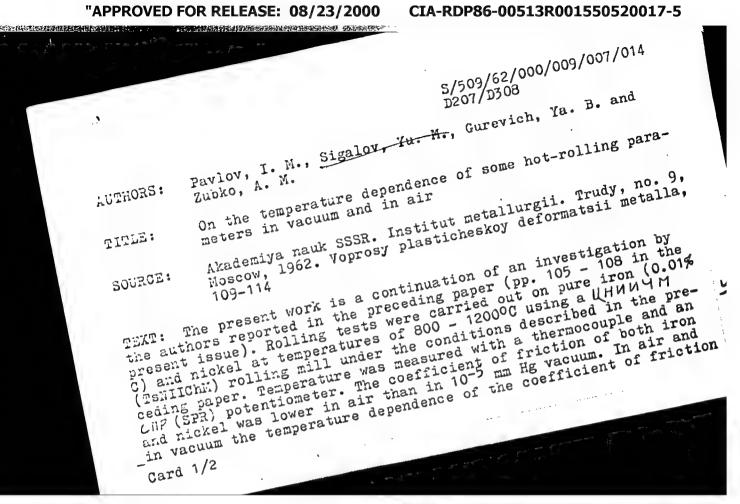


Conditions during hot ...

S/509/62/000/009/006/014 D207/D308

meter rolls made of UIXA5(ShKh15) steel. Vacuum was measured with a BMT-1(VIT-1) gauge. Samples were 150 mm long and 10 x 12 mm in cross-section. The coefficient of friction and the resistance to deformation rose in vacuum on decrease of pressure; in argon the coefficient of friction was the same as an 10^{-1} - 10^{-3} mm Hg vacuum. In air the coefficient of friction was the lowest. There are 2 figures.

Card 2/2



On the temperature ...

S/509/62/000/009/007/014 D207/D308

of iron had a maximum at 900°C, but in vacuum the friction passed also through a minimum at 1000°C and then rose with temperature. In the case of nickel the coefficient of friction fell with increase of temperature in vacuum, but in air there was a maximum at 900°C. The resistance of deformation and other rolling parameters varied with the atmosphere and temperature roughly in the same way as did the coefficient of friction. There are 6 figures.

Card 2/2

PAVLOV, I.M.; SIGALOV, Yu.M.; GUREVICH, Ya.B.; ZUBKO, A.M.

(Rolling (Motalwork))

 $\frac{L 61026-65}{IJP(c)}$ EWT(m)/EWP(w)/EWP(i)/EPF(n)-2/EWG(m)/EWA(d)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(b) ps-4/pu-4

ACCESSION NR: AR5017425

UR/0137/65/000/006/D006/D008

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Metallurgiya, Abs. 6D39

36

AUTHOR: Mal'tsey, M. V.; Dolzhenkov, F. Ye.; Sigalov, Yu. M.; Volchek, F. R.; Bat', Yu. I.

TITLE: investigation of a process for rolling columbium in a vacuum

CITED SOURCE: Sb. tr. <u>Ukr. n.-i. in-t metallov</u>, vyp. 10, 1964, 181-188

TOPIC TAGS: columbium, metal rolling, hot rolling, temperature dependence, vacuum

TRANSLATION: A study was made of the basic parameters of a process for rolling columbium in a vacuum and in air (spread, forward flow, friction coefficient, specific pressure, etc) over a wide range of temperatures from 300 to 1300C. It was established that the spread, friction coefficient, and specific pressure during rolling of columbium in a vacuum are slightly higher than during rolling.

and of transition of the metal from the lateral faces to the contact faces. Specific Card 1/2

L 61026-65 ACCESSION NR: AR5017425

pressure is only slightly dependent on temperature in the interval investigated. A. Leont'yev

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ENCL: 00

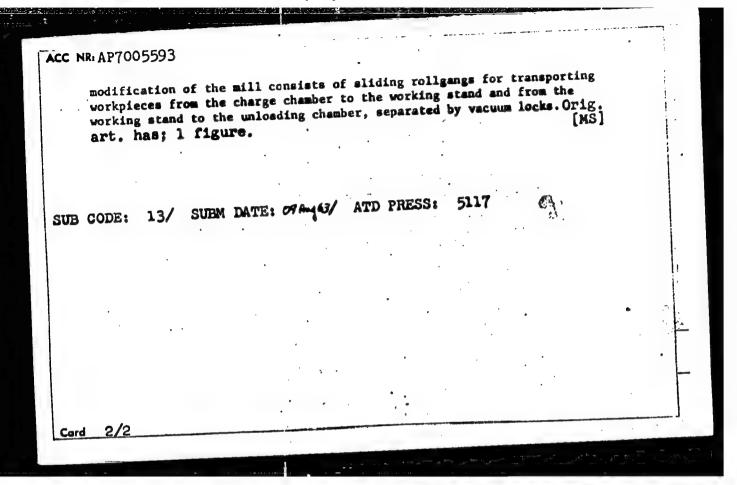
Rolling in vacuum

Card APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00155052001

EMP(K)/EMP(h)/EMT(d)/EMT(m)/EMP(l)/EMP(v)/EMP(t)/ETI Idrich dutt I. 36465-66 ACC NR: AP6021766 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/012/0020/0021 INVENTOR: Yezerskiy, K. I.; Korovkin, D. B.; Karsanov, G. V.; Sigalov, Yu. M.; 40 Fedorov, V. A.; Sautin, V. I. \mathcal{B} ORG: none TITLE: A press for heating and extrusion of metals and alloys in vacuum or a neutral medium. Class 7, No. 182665 SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 12, 1966, 20-21 TOPIC TAGS: metal extrusion, hot extrusion, vacuum extrusion, extrusion press, meral PRESS, VACUUM CHAMBER ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a press for heating and extrusion of metals and alloys in vacuum or a neutral medium. The press consists of a vacuum-tight working chamber containing a heating unit, mechanism for feeding ingots, and a container with a die and a dummy block. To improve the efficiency, the press is equipped with compartments for dies, dummy blocks and ingots, with mechanisms for mounting dies and dummy blocks into the container, and with a water-cooled receiving bunker with air lock, all located within the working chamber. The vacuum-tight working chamber is formed by the walls of the press. Orig. art. has: I figure. SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 29Feb64/ ATD PRESS: 5 040 UDC: 621.979:621.777.06-229.6 Cord 1/1 9.8

Dmitriye ORG: no	Titkov, V. I.; Sokolov, V. M.; Bubnovskiy, B. G.; Novikov, O. K. v, B. M.; Shmakov, Yu. V.; Loktionov, G. I.
	Vacuum rolling mill. Class 7, No. 190306
SOURCE: 1967, 6-	Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 2,
TOPIC TA	GS: rolling mill, vacuum rolling will, continuous rolling will
	This Author Certificate introduces a mill for continuous rolling in vacuum, consisting of a charge chamber, a working stand and an unloading chamber. The charge chamber is equipped with a mechanism which has frames with lifting bars located between the rollgang rollers. A modified mill is equipped with two-sectional, slotted driven screens located between the heating and the lifting-transporting devices in order to protect the latter from the action of high temperatures. A second



SIGALOVA, I.R.

Venous pressure in spileptic syndromes. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 64 no. 12:1833-1837 '64. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovitel'skiy institut psikhiatrii (direktor-prof. D.D.Fedotov) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR, Moskva; kafedra psikhiatrii (zaveduyushchiy- prof. A.K.Strelyukhin) Ryazanskogo meditsinskogo instituta i Ryazanskiy oblastnoy psikhonevrologicheskiy dispanser (glavnyy vrach - kand.med.nauk Ye.D.Krasik).

EWT(m)/EPF(c)/T/EWP(j)/EPR Pc-L/Pr-L/Ps-L ASDA-5/Pa-L/ASDH-3 L 22217-65 ASMI-2/AFETR WW/RM 8/0020/64/154/004/0894/0896 ACCESSION NR: AP4012975 AUTHOR: Gel'fman, A. Ya.; Bidnaya, D. S.; Sigalova, L. V.; Buravleva, M. G. Koba, V. S. TITLE: Electric conductivity and conjugated double bonds in pyrolysis of polyvinyl alcohol SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 154, no. 4, 1964, 894-896, and top helf of insert facing page 894 TOPIC TAGS: polyvinyl alcohol, pyrolysis, pyrolysis product, electric conductivity, polymer pyrolysis product, polymer, conjugated double bond, crystallinity, amorphous structure, electric resistance, activation energy, conjugated double bond system, conjugated bond ABSTRACT: The IR-spectra and x-ray patterns of the pyrolysis products of poly-vinyl alcohol were studied to test the hypothesis that the increased electric conductivity and lowered activation energy of pyrolysis products of polymers is associated with the formation of a system of conjugated double bonds. Pyrolysis of polyvinyl alcohol was conducted in a slow stream of air, nitrogen, or argon for 3 Card 1/2

L 22217-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4012975

hours at 200-800C. It was found that polyvinyl alcohol undergoes a change in molecular structure at 300C. The maximum concentration of alighatic conjugated double bonds, minimum cryst llinity, and maximum electric conductivity appear both in air and inert gas a 300C. Pyrolysis at higher temperatures increases conductivity markedly and lowers activation energy, apparently as a result of the formation of "carbon structures" (segments of large, highly unsaturated aromatic molecules) and an increase in their number rather than because of an increase in the number of double bonds. The maximum resistivity and activation energy of 300C pyrolysis products is ipparently associated with the complete breakdown of the original polyvinyl alcohol and disappearance of hydrogen bonding before any carbon structures are formed. Original has: 4 figures and 1 table.

association: Vecsoyuznyy nachno-issledovatel skiy institut monokristallov, stsintillyatsionnykh materialov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh veshchestv (All-Union Scientific Research Distitute of Single Crystals, Scintillization Materials, and High Purity Chemical Substances)

SUBSTITUTED: 26Sep63

NO REF SOVE 005

Cora 2/2

ERCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC, GC

OTHER: 005

GERSHUNS, A.L.; VAYL, Ye.I.; MIRNAYA, A.P.; RASTREPINA, I.A.; SIGALOVA, L.Y.

Photo:colorimetric method of determining mercury. Zav. lab. 27
(MIRA 15:1)
no. 12:1465-1467 *61.

1. Kharikorskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A.M. Gorikogo. (hercury—Analysis)

GEL'FMAN, A.Ya.; BIDNAYA, D.S.; SIGALOVA, L.V.; BURAVLEVA, M.G.; KOBA, V.S.

Electric conductivity and conjugate double bonds of products obtained in polywinyl alcohol pyrolysis. Dokl. AN SSSR 154 no.4:894-896 F 164. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovateliskiy institut monokristallov, staintillyatsionnykh materialov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh veshchestv. Predstavleno akademikom A.N. Frumkinym.

- 1. SIGALOVA, N. A.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Azaleas
- 7. Propagation of azaleas by cuttings. Biul.Glav.bot.sada no. 13, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953, Unclassified.

SIGALOVA, R.M. [Sihalova, R.M.]

Isoseismic lines of earthquakes in the Ukraine. Kat. karp. zemletrus. no.6:21-25 *63. (MIRA 16:9)

SIGALOVA, Ye.A.

RUDNEVSKII, Yu.I.; SIGALOVA, Te.A.

Umusual case of gient retroperitoneal fibroma. Akush. i gin. no.3:
86-88 My-Je '54.

1. Is akushersko-ginekologicheskoy kliniki (sav. prof. P.P. Sidorov)
bol'nitsy iseni K.Ye. Voroshilova (glavnyy vrach B.I. Igutaya)
(AHDOMES, neoplasse,
*fibroma, giant retroperitoneal)
(FIRROMA,
*retroperitoneal, giant)

*retroperitoneal, giant)